## Which is bigger: Moon or Sun?

This activity compares the apparent visible diameter of the Moon and the Sun. This uses ratios to reveal an interesting astronomical coincidence.

Facts:

|  | Moon | Sun | Ratio (Sun::Moon) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Radius (km) | 1738.3 | 695950 | 400.4 |
| Distance | 251869 | $98,000,000$ | 389.1 |
|  | 0.0025701 a.u. | 1.00000 a.u. |  |
| Apparent size | 676355 | 695950 |  |
| Radius/Dist |  |  |  |

As objects get farther away, they appear smaller. Their apparent size is directly proportional to their distance.

## How many times can you fold paper?

This activity explores the powers of two.
Each time you fold paper in half, you double its thickness. Most people can fold typing paper 7 or 8 times, then it's impossible to bend it any more.

At some point, the total thickness is more than the amount of paper that's left.
At the end of one class, ask students to try it.
a) How many times can they fold some photocopier paper?
b) Does a larger sheet of paper (newspaper) work better than smaller sheets?
c) Does a thinner sheet of paper (Kleenex) work better than thicker sheets?
d) Does a different material (aluminum foil) work better than paper?
e) Can you find something you can keep folding more than 10 times? 20 times? Forever?

| Material | My result | Class result |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Computer paper | 6 x (any size) |  |
| 1 ply of 2-ply kleenex | 8 x |  |
| Newspaper | 8 x |  |
| Plastic wrap | 9 x |  |
| Alum foil | 9 x |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |

Secret note: You can fold some soft things forever: putty, play dough, pie dough, ...

## What is bumpier: a basketball, or the planet Earth?

Bring a basketball to class.
We will compare the proportional height of bumps. Compare the ratio "bump height" to "diameter".
a) Basketballs have little bumps.

Measure the size of a bump. Measure the size of a basketball.
Bump $=1 / 64^{\text {th }}$ of an inch Diameter $=9.55$ inches
1/64 inches : 9.55 inches

$$
1: 611
$$

b) The planet has bumps (called mountains).

Get the height of the tallest bump (Mt. Everest). Get the size of the planet.
Bump $=29,028$ feet $\quad$ Diameter $=7,899$ miles
29,028 feet : 7,899 miles
5.498 miles : 7,899 miles

1 : 1436
A basketball bump is $1 / 611$ of the diameter.
A mountain bump is $1 / 1436$ of the diameter.
Which is taller? The basketball bump is more than twice as tall!

